HOUSE BILL No. 1623

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 9-13-2-92.2; IC 9-21-1-8.

Synopsis: Operation of emergency vehicles. Allows a person who drives an authorized emergency vehicle to execute a lawful intervention technique involving a fleeing motor vehicle under certain circumstances.

Effective: July 1, 2009.

Neese, Tincher

January 16, 2009, read first time and referred to Committee on Roads and Transportation.



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First Regular Session 116th General Assembly (2009)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2008 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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HOUSE BILL No. 1623

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A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

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Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

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SECTION 1. IC 9-13-2-92.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
1, 2009]: Sec. 92.2. "Lawful intervention technique", for purposes
of IC 9-21-1, means a method by which a pursuing motor vehicle
causes, or attempts to cause, a fleeing motor vehicle to stop. The
term includes a precision immobilization technique (PIT)
maneuver.

SECTION 2. IC 9-21-1-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 8. (a) This section applies to the person who drives an authorized emergency vehicle when:

- (1) responding to an emergency call;
- (2) in the pursuit of an actual or suspected violator of the law; or
- (3) responding to, but not upon returning from, a fire alarm.
- (b) The person who drives an authorized emergency vehicle may do the following:
 - (1) Park or stand, notwithstanding other provisions of this article.
 - (2) Proceed past a red or stop signal or stop sign, but only after



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1	slowing down as necessary for safe operation.	
2	(3) Exceed the maximum speed limits if the person who drives the	
3	vehicle does not endanger life or property.	
4	(4) Disregard regulations governing direction of movement or	
5	turning in specified directions.	
6	(5) Execute a lawful intervention technique if the person has	
7	completed a training course that:	
8	(A) instructs participants in the proper execution of lawful	
9	intervention techniques; and	
10	(B) is approved by the bureau.	
11	(c) This section applies to an authorized emergency vehicle only	
12	when the vehicle is using audible or visual signals as required by law.	
13	An authorized emergency vehicle operated as a police vehicle is not	
14	required to be equipped with or display red and blue lights visible from	
15	in front of the vehicle.	
16	(d) This section does not do the following:	
17	(1) Relieve the person who drives an authorized emergency	
18	vehicle from the duty to drive with due regard for the safety of all	
19	persons.	
20	(2) Protect the person who drives an authorized emergency	
21	vehicle from the consequences of the person's reckless disregard	
22	for the safety of others.	
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